

## MUST DECLARE ITS INTENTIONS

Demand Upon De Facto Government by Wilson

### THE BATTLE AT CARRIZAL

Shown to Have Been Direct Result of Carranza's Orders Relating to Movement of Our Troops—President Insists Upon Release of Captive Americans—White House Conference Discloses That Situation is Exceedingly Acute—Military Situation May Be Influencing Administration's Diplomatic Course

Washington, June 26.—A demand for the immediate release of the troops taken prisoner at Carrizal, coupled with the stern notification that the United States expects an early statement of the purpose of the Carranza government, was telegraphed to Mexico City by Secretary Lansing.

The note discloses that the state department had received a communication from the de facto government stating that the Carrizal fight was the direct result of orders to attack American soldiers moving otherwise than toward the border, personally issued by General Carranza to General Trevino and by the latter communicated to General Pershing.

In reply Lansing requires that the de facto government transmit a definite statement "as to the course of action it has determined upon" through the usual diplomatic channels, "and not through subordinate military officers."

The Mexican communication is construed, Lansing states, "as a formal avowal of deliberately hostile action against the forces of the United States now in Mexico, and of the purpose to attack without provocation whenever they move from their position," despite the friendly mission on which they are engaged and which is reaffirmed in the American rejoinder.

#### Demand Upon Carranza

Carranza is required to place himself on record formally, and the plain intimation lies behind the restrained language of Lansing's communication that force will be met with force. Apparently, however, the Washington government is determined that the de facto government shall not evade responsibility before the world, if war is forced upon the United States.

The note and the military situation of the United States were talked over at the White House last night by the president with Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee, Senator Lodge, ranking Republican member, and Chairman Flood of the house committee on foreign affairs. Representative Cooper, ranking minority member of the house committee, was out of the city.

After the conference, which lasted more than an hour, Stone said the situation was "exceedingly acute." President Wilson had felt it necessary to acquaint congress with the state of affairs and the action taken, through the foreign affairs committee. It was indicated that he might desire to address a joint session of the house and senate in a day or two, but would not take this final step until the Mexican government had been given an opportunity to reply.

#### War Virtually Here?

The president told those at the conference of the note from Carranza avowing the attack on American troops at Carrizal and of the reply that he had directed to be sent. Stone was very emphatic afterwards in regard to the demand for release of the prisoners.

"We must have those men," he said solemnly. "The senator made no effort to hide his own belief that war virtually is here."

A final report from Pershing was necessary, he said, in order that a clear knowledge of what happened at Carrizal should be at hand.

"But if they are going to attack our men without cause," he said, "there is only one thing to do. We will never have peace down there until we use force enough to compel."

There is reason to believe that the military situation may be influencing the administration's diplomatic course, as well as the desire to make it clear to the world, and particularly to the Latin-American nations, that the United States is being forced into warlike measures by the hostility of Carranza.

The war department is making every effort to speed up mobilization of the national guard. A few companies have been mustered in. Others will take the oath today. In forty-eight hours probably a substantial force will be en route to the border to back up General Pershing's line. It may be four or five days, however, before war department officials would feel safe in withdrawing regulars from the border patrol to form the cutting edge of whatever force they may send to the support of Pershing's column should aggressive action be ordered.

It seems doubtful that a formal diplomatic rupture will be forced before adequate military precautions are possible, particularly as it had been indicated that quick, drastic action is President Wilson's desire, should Carranza force the use of the army against him.

Specific figures are not available as to the battalions at various border towns, the number of guardsmen who have responded to the president's call, or the time that would be required to get the entire force to the border. These details have been left to the war department, and Secretary Baker was not present at the conference.

Many requests are being received by the war department from separate organizations not identified with the national guard to be recruited. Citizens of German, Polish and other foreign parentage are organizing separate companies. Army heads explained that such organizations could not be accepted unless they should answer a call for volunteers.

### NO TIME BEING LOST

All in Readiness to Expedite Transportation of Troops and Supplies

Washington, June 27.—Speeding up of the mobilization of national guardsmen was reported to the war department from nearly all states.

More than 1000 Missouri guardsmen were reported to have been mustered into the federal service. They were the first to actually take the United States oath since one company of the Oregon guard qualified.

General Scott, chief of staff, said elaborate and smoothly working machinery was in operation to expedite transportation of the national guard to the south. The quartermaster general has charge of the transportation, aided by railroad agents of the American Railway association stationed constantly at the war department.

War department officials were not advised of the actual movements of militia contingents until after they were some hours en route. Their destination will be determined solely by General Pershing.

### NO MEDIATION JUST NOW

But Door Is Not Closed to Possible Settlement in Near Future

Washington, June 27.—No mediation at this time in the Mexican affair is understood to be the latest decision of President Wilson. While administration officials are inclined to express no opinion on the offers of mediation from Latin governments, they do not wish to close the door absolutely to possible settlement at a later date of the disputes between this government by means of mediation.

The president takes the position that the situation has gotten out of Carranza's hands and that any intimation that the United States is willing to bargain with him pending a reply to this government's recent notes is impossible.

### OFF FOR THE BORDER

Trains Leave Bay State Camp With Troops Prepared For Service

Framingham, Mass., June 27.—The Ninth infantry regiment, first of the Massachusetts militia to depart for the Mexican border, left here at 11:10 last night for El Paso, Tex.

The "Fighting Ninth" will be followed as soon as possible by the Second, Fifth and Eighth regiments, the ambulance corps and field hospital, the men of which are entrained and simply awaiting the loading of their baggage.

In Camp Whitney the Eighth regiment, the cavalry and field artillery are "on their toes" and simply waiting for the depots to be cleared of the other troops.

During the morning all the troops which were to move had recruited up to full peace strength. The difficulty which arose when some of the militiamen balked at the oath by which they were mustered into federal service was overcome to a great extent. The officers in charge stated that many of the men who refused to take the oath merely misunderstood it and were waiting until they had satisfied themselves as to its meaning.

Hetty Green Reported Better  
New York, June 27.—The condition of Mrs. Hetty Green was described at her home as "very favorable." Denial was made that she was suffering from the effects of a stroke of paralysis.

De Palma Wins Des Moines Race  
Des Moines, June 26.—Relph De Palma won the annual Des Moines automobile derby at 150 miles. The winner's time was 1:37:14, an average speed of 91.85 miles an hour.

## ROOSEVELT TO PROGRESSIVES

Asks Them to Follow Him in Support of Hughes

### THIRD TICKET MEANS WILSON

Colonel Confident That Republican Nominee Will Battle For Platform Principles If Elected—One Purpose Is to Serve Our Common Country—Wilson Tried and Found Wanting

New York, June 27.—Theodore Roosevelt's letter to the Progressive national committee, pledging support to Charles E. Hughes, the Republican presidential nominee, was made public here. It is a strong endorsement of Hughes and a promise to devote every energy in behalf of the election of the former justice.

Roosevelt says that in his judgment the nomination of Hughes meets the conditions set forth in the statement of the Progressive national committee, issued last January, and in his own personal statements. Under existing conditions, the nomination of a third ticket would, he says, be merely a move in the interest of the election of Wilson.

He calls Hughes a man whose public record is a guarantee that "he will not merely stand for a program of clean-cut, straightforward Americanism before election, but will resolutely and in good faith put it through if elected," and says he is beyond all comparison better fitted to be president than Wilson.

"It would be a grave detriment to the country to re-elect Mr. Wilson," says the colonel. "I shall, therefore, strongly support Mr. Hughes. Such being the case, it is unnecessary to say that I cannot accept the nomination on a third ticket."

"I believe that when my fellow-Progressives coolly consider the question they will for the most part take this position. They and I have but one purpose—the purpose to serve our common country."

"No good American, whatever his ancestry or creed, can have any feeling except scorn and detestation for those professional German-Americans who seek to make the American president in effect a viceroy of the German emperor."

"Mr. Hughes' character and his whole course of conduct in public affairs justify us in the assured conviction that the fact that these men have for their own purposes supported him, will, in no shape or way, affect his public actions before or after election. His entire public life is a guarantee of this."

"The events of the last three and a half years have shown that as much cannot be said for Mr. Wilson. In Mr. Wilson's case we do not have to consider his words, but his deeds. His deeds absolutely contradict his words; and for the matter of that his words absolutely contradict one another."

"Mr. Wilson and his party have in actual practice lamentably failed to safeguard the interests and honor of the United States. They have brought us to impotence abroad and to division and weakness at home. They have dulled the moral sense of the people."

"We have the alternative of continuing in office an administration which has proved a lamentable failure, or of putting into office an administration which we have every reason to believe will function with efficiency for the interest and honor of all our people."

"I earnestly bespeak from my fellow-Progressives their ungrudging support of Mr. Hughes."

### TAKE ROOSEVELT'S ADVICE

Large Majority of Progressive National Committee For Hughes

Chicago, June 27.—The Progressive national committee last night voted to endorse Charles E. Hughes for president. The vote was 32 to 5, with nine declining to vote on the ground that the committee was exceeding its powers in taking such action.

The vote was reached after a lengthy session of the committee, following the reading of Roosevelt's letter declining the nomination and urging Bull Moose support of Hughes. By a vote of 31 to 15 the committee late in the afternoon went on record as being opposed to putting a third ticket in the field.

### RUSSIA TAKES BUKOWINA

Fall of Kimpolung Completes Conquest of Austrian Crownland  
London, June 26.—The Russians have occupied the whole of the Austrian crownland of Bukovina, and the Austro-Hungarians are making their way toward Carpathian passes.

The Russian conquest was completed by the capture of Kimpolung, where sixty officers and 2500 men were captured.

Italy is hot on the heels of the Austrians, who, after taking many positions in the Trentino section, have been compelled to flee northeastward in the hope of stemming the Russian invasion of Hungary.

France, besides holding the Germans in check at Verdun and in Champagne, started a new offensive in Alsace.

#### Harvard Takes Three Events

New London, Conn., June 24.—Following is a summary of the Harvard-Yale regatta on the Thames river:

Varsity eight-oared four-mile race—Harvard won by four lengths. Time—Harvard 20:02, Yale 20:17.

Freshman eight-oared two-mile race—Harvard won by three-quarters of a length. Time—Harvard 10:36 3-5, Yale 10:39.

Junior varsity eights—Harvard won by two-thirds of a length. Time—Harvard 10:25, Yale 10:27.

#### Casement's Trial Begins

London, June 27.—"Blinded by a hatred of this country as malignant in quality as it was sudden, this prisoner played a desperate hazard. He played and lost, and now forfeit is claimed." Attorney General Smith thus summed up his outline of the charges against Sir Roger Casement at the opening of the latter's trial. Casement pleaded not guilty.

#### Death of Billy Sunday's Mother

Winona Lake, Ind., June 26.—Mrs. W. J. Stow, mother of Billy Sunday, died here in the arms of her son, the evangelist. Mrs. Stow was 75 years old, and her death was a surprise, for she had enjoyed uniformly good health up to the moment of her sudden death.

#### Dick Weds Mrs. Astor

Bar Harbor, Me., June 23.—Mrs. John J. Astor and William K. Dick of New York were married at St. Saviour's Episcopal church here by Rev. A. C. Larned. The bride wore a dark blue serge traveling suit and a straw hat to match.

#### Death Sentences Commuted

London, June 27.—Thirty-four conscientious objectors to military service were sentenced to death by military tribunals. Under Secretary for War Tennant admitted in commons. The death sentences of all were commuted, he said.

#### Hughes' Probable Successor

Washington, June 23.—Nomination of Attorney General Thomas W. Gregory to succeed Charles E. Hughes on the supreme court bench is said by persons in President Wilson's confidence to have been virtually decided upon.

#### Earl of Selborne Quits Job

London, June 27.—The Earl of Selborne has resigned the presidency of the board of agriculture and fisheries.

An automobile carry employees of the Rochester, N. H., postoffice, overturned on a hill, causing the death of Frank S. Watson and Thomas W. Boyce and injuring four others.

Edwin G. Eastman, attorney general of New Hampshire from 1892 to 1911, died at Exeter, N. H. He had represented Exeter in both branches of the state legislature. He was born in 1847.

The body of Mrs. Louis George of Concord, Mass., who was drowned when the boat in which she was rowing went over a dam, was found two miles below the spot where she was drowned.

Rev. E. F. Mertram, D. D., after thirty-five years as editor of the Baptist Watchman-Examiner, published at Boston, has resigned. He will be succeeded by Rev. Joseph K. Wilson, D. D.

Boston's greatest business institutions are evidencing their patriotism in the national crisis by almost uniformly granting full wages to those of their employees who have been called away to the colors.

State Live Stock Sanitary Commissioner Beane of Maine in an open letter warns the people that horse dealers in other states are trying their best to unload upon the people of Maine a lot of worthless horses.

William B. Smith, 49, and Violet A. Jerome, 29, were held for the grand jury in court at Nahant, Mass., charged with having performed an illegal operation on Miss Marion McCann, 18, which caused her death.

An amicable settlement of the strike of more than 6000 building laborers in Greater Boston was reached. The men will receive 35 cents an hour for excavating and concrete work and 40 cents an hour for mason helpers.

Salisbury, Mass., officials are wrought up over the action of residents of Salisbury Beach, who have started a petition to present to the next session of the legislature to separate them from the town of Salisbury.

## ARE MAROONED ON ELEPHANT ISLAND

Shackleton Vainly Tries to Reach the Men He Left Behind

London, June 27.—Sir Ernest Shackleton has been unable to rescue the men, numbering twenty-two and comprising the main body of his Antarctic expedition, who were left on Elephant island. This information was received in a dispatch from Shackleton from Port Stanley, Falkland islands.

The explorer has evidently returned on the steamer which had been placed at his disposal by the Uruguayan government for the purpose of effecting the rescue of his men. According to his dispatch the ice conditions had so increased in severity that he was unable to get nearer than twenty miles to the island.

## NEWS CONDENSED FOR BUSY READERS

happenings In Various Parts of New England

Nellie Roberts, 12, was struck and killed by an automobile at Worcester, Mass.

Enslie Smith, 65, was struck and instantly killed at Gloucester, Mass., by a jitney bus.

Evil Cross, 6, was drowned in a canal at Cambridge, Mass., while playing on a wharf.

A carload of chemicals valued at about \$2000 was destroyed by fire on the New Haven tracks at Boston.

While playing on a wharf at Beverly, Mass., Frank Ferrier, 4, fell into the harbor and was drowned.

Pierre Desjardines, 9, was drowned at Salem, Mass., when he fell from a sewer pipe extending across the South river.

The prospects are excellent for a large cranberry crop on Cape Cod. Bogs are blossoming heavier than for years.

Frank Luciano was found guilty of manslaughter in shooting to death Eugene Covino, a business associate, at Boston.

The New England association, Loyal Order of Moose, elected as president W. F. French of Haverhill, Mass.

Martin Cornelissen, who shot himself in the head with a revolver in the lobby of the Hotel Essex, Boston, died of his wound.

Stopping in the road to wave farewell to his playmates, 4-year-old Henry Behecz was instantly killed at Lowell, Mass., by an automobile.

Ernest W. Cox, advertising manager for a Boston firm, died from injuries received when his automobile hit an express train at Scarborough, Me.

Max Wiener, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of Charles W. Hall at Bridgeport, Conn., was released under \$1500 bond for trial.

The body of 4-year-old Ella McDonald, who disappeared May 9, was found in a meadow in the town of Mariaville, Me. Death was due to exposure.

Henry H. Levenson of Boston was elected grand master at the convention of the Independent Order, Sons of Israel. No one opposed him for the office.

Jeremiah Williams, 65, long a leading factor in the wool trade in Boston, died at his summer home at Swampscott, Mass. He was a native of Boston.

Antonio Diarist, charged with the murder of Max Weinstein, a special officer for the Boston Elevated railway, was held without bail for the grand jury.

The police are looking for the man who slashed Antonio Romano with a knife in a Haverhill, Mass., poolroom. Romano will not give his assailant's name.

Manchester, N. H., the Queen City of New Hampshire, and Eastport, Me., the gateway to Canadian provinces, have adopted the "day-light saving" plan.

The business men of York, Me., are threatening to boycott the city of Portsmouth, N. H., unless the city makes speedy repairs in the highway leading to the Portsmouth bridge.

For the purpose of filling the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Burleigh of Maine, whose term would have expired in 1919, a special primary will be called by Governor Curtis.

John Brown, a deserter from the United States army, was sentenced to life imprisonment for killing Wil-

liam H. McFadden at West Bridgewater, Mass. Robbery was the motive.

A white whale, the first of the kind caught in Massachusetts waters in at least twenty years, was brought to Boston from Cape Cod. It is about eighteen feet long and weighs 1500 pounds.

Miss Laura Leonard, principal of the Malden grammar school, ended her forty-fourth year as a teacher in the Malden, Mass., schools with the closing of the schools for the summer vacation.

Admissions by Lucius Robison cause the Malden, Mass., police to believe that Mrs. Maryett T. Smith, 82, who was found dead in bed in her home in that city, died from fright when Robison broke into the house.

The New England sanitarium at Stoneham is instituting proceedings to avoid paying taxes, on the ground that it is a charitable institution. The purpose is to try out a law passed by the Massachusetts legislature in 1915.

Albert H. Waitt, Newton, Mass., will have to pay the \$15,000 verdict awarded Ralph H. Herrick, Boston, by a jury for alienating the affections of Herrick's wife, by a decision of the supreme court overruling Waitt's exceptions.

The French war horse mart at the Union Market stockyards at Water-town provided 25 mounts for the Massachusetts militia, enough, it is claimed, to make up the shortage of cavalry horses. The horses were picked from a herd of 1600.

Receivers were appointed for the Sichel Provision company, Boston.

The plant of the Shirley (Me.) Lumber company was burned. The loss is \$50,000.

Daisy Higginson, 14, was instantly killed at Billerica, Mass., when an automobile struck her.

Lawrence McGuinness, 23, of Concord, N. H., was drowned by the overturning of a canoe.

Miss Emma Russell 22, of Bangor, Me., was fined \$5 and costs for mutilating a United States flag.

While fishing in a canal at Lawrence, Mass., Chester Kenney, 6, fell into the water and was drowned.

Dairy Commissioner Davis of Vermont announces the expenses of his department have amounted to \$92,000 in the last two years.

The Hillcrest, a hotel at Templeton, Mass., which was about to be opened for its summer season, was burned. The loss is \$51,000.

William Ploss, 59, of Manchester, N. H., died from a fracture of the skull, caused by falling from a ladder while shingling his house.

R. B. Moffat, a New York lawyer, was instantly killed when his automobile skidded and turned turtle on a highway near Southington, Conn.

Henry W. Keyes of Haverhill announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor of New Hampshire at the primaries in September.

Harvard went out ahead of Yale, 65 victories to 64, in the baseball series of all time, incidentally winning the 1916 series in straight games, 5 to 2 and 4 to 1.

Notice has been sent out against the cashing of postal money orders numbered 24,601 to 25,000, which were stolen from the postoffice at Concord, Vt.

Despondent because her 17-year-old daughter was held for the grand jury on larceny charges, Mrs. Elizabeth E. Nuttall, 45, took her own life at Pawtucket, R. I.

The body of a man about 40 years old found floating in the Merrimack river has not been identified. A signet ring with the initials M. P. furnishes the only clue.

Fred Robinson, 13, and Comarra Loretto, an Italian missionary who tried to rescue the boy, were drowned, following the capsizing of a canoe at Milton, Mass.

Mrs. Frida Lohr, a Norwegian woman, and Lief Norman, who figured in a sensational elopement to the United States, were deported by Boston immigration officials.

George Hickox, clerk in a Boston periodical store, charged with manslaughter in connection with the shooting of 14-year-old Kenneth Myers, was discharged in court.

The Masons of Salem dedicated their \$150,000 temple, the ceremony being in charge of Grand Master Johnson of Massachusetts, assisted by the officers of the grand lodge.

Miss Blanche Morin of Boston, who was injured when an automobile driven by Ernest W. Cox of Boston was struck by a train at West Scarborough, Me., died from her injuries.

Mystery in Minister's Death  
Hampton, N. H., June 29.—Considerable mystery surrounds the death of Rev. Roscoe Sanderson, former district superintendent of the Dover district of the Methodist church, whose body was found alongside the tracks of the Boston and Maine, near this town.